

6.razred – REŠIVE 8. TEDNA

U, str. 92

-1. naloga:

1 ORIGAMI

Are you good with your hands? Do you like making animals from paper? Then origami is for you!

Origami is the art of folding* paper squares. It comes from Japan, but it is popular all over the world.

How do you learn origami?

There are origami clubs at some schools. People also learn from books and origami websites.

3 COIN COLLECTING

Are you into collecting* things? Why not try collecting coins from other countries? It's a really interesting hobby. You can learn a lot about different countries from their coins.

Coins are easy to collect. You can visit coin shows and go to coin shops to get new coins for your collection*. You can also get new coins when you, your friends or your family travel to another country.

2 JUGGLING

What about juggling? It's a great hobby*! All you need is some balls. It's not very difficult to learn, but you need to practise a lot. It looks amazing when you juggle three balls together.

There are a lot of videos on the internet to help you. They are funny and interesting. In this one there's a boy juggling fruit!

-2. naloga:

1 J 2 C 3 O 4 J 5 O 6 C

-3. naloga:

DZ, str. 71

-1. in 2. naloga:

Possessive 's

1 Choose the correct words.

Where is Rachel's / Rachels bag?

- 1 Are you Sams / Sam's friend?
- 2 That's my parents' / parents car.
- 3 This is Paul's / Pauls pencil case.
- 4 I've got some new book's / books.
- 5 What are your parents' / parent's names?
- 6 Is Johns' / John's mum a teacher?

my brother / a new computer

~~My brother hasn't got a new computer.~~

1 I / an uncle / from Scotland

I've got an uncle from Scotland.

2 Sally / a football

Sally hasn't got a football.

3 They / two children

They haven't got two children.

4 He / an expensive car

He's got an expensive car.

5 They / a young teacher

They've got a young teacher.

-3. in 4. naloga:

3 Write sentences using the correct form of *have got*. Use short forms where possible.

David / a swimming lesson / today ✗
David *hasn't got a swimming lesson today.*

- 1 we / a nice classroom ✓
We've got a nice classroom.
- 2 I / a red notebook ✗
I haven't got a red notebook.
- 3 you / a red pen ?
Have you got a red pen?
- 4 they / a big family ✓
They've got a big family.
- 5 he / a new phone ✗
He hasn't got a new phone.
- 6 she / dark hair ?
Has she got dark hair?
- 7 you / English class today ✓
You've got English class today.
- 8 they / a cousin ?
Have they got a cousin?

4 Complete the mini-dialogues with the correct form of *have got*.

- John *Have you got* a favourite colour?
Lucy Yes, I *have* . It's purple.
- 1 Nina *Has* your brother *got* a favourite basketball player?
Tim Yes, he *has* . Pau Gasol.
- 2 Bob *Have* you *got* a favourite TV programme?
Tina No, I *haven't* . I think TV is boring!
- 3 Julia *Has* Eva *got* a favourite football team?
Sam No, she *hasn't* . She isn't into football.
- 4 Dan *Have* you *got* a favourite actor?
Anna Yes, I *have* . Kristen Bell.
- 5 Sue *Have* your friends *got* dark hair?
Rob Yes, they *have* .
- 6 Tony *Has* your school *got* twenty classrooms?
Lisa Yes, it *has* . It's big.

DZ, str. 73

-1., 2. in 3. naloga:

1 Complete the sentences with *some* or *any*.

There are some new students in your class.

- 1 There aren't any chairs in the kitchen.
- 2 There aren't any trees in the garden.
- 3 There are some books in the living room.
- 4 There are some children in the house.
- 5 There aren't any bikes in the garage.
- 6 There are some people in the hall.

2 Write affirmative or negative sentences using *there's / there are*. Use *a / an, some* or *any* when necessary.

two bedrooms / in this flat ✓

There are two bedrooms in this flat.

- 1 TV / in the living room ✗
There isn't a TV in the living room.
- 2 chairs / in the dining room ✓
There are some chairs in the dining room.
- 3 bedrooms / in the basement ✗
There aren't any bedrooms in the basement.
- 4 old car / in the garage ✓
There's an old car in the garage.
- 5 students / in the classroom ✓
There are some students in the classroom.
- 6 table / on the balcony ✗
There isn't a table on the balcony.
- 7 pictures / on the wall ✗
There aren't any pictures on the wall.

3 Complete the questions with *is / are there*. Use *a, an* or *any* when necessary.

Are there any stairs in your home?

- 1 Is there a lamp on your desk?
- 2 Are there any books on the shelf?
- 3 Is there a shower in the bathroom?
- 4 Is there an old rug on the floor?
- 5 Are there any mirrors on the wall?
- 6 Is there a wardrobe?
- 7 Is there a bag on the stairs?

-4. in 5. naloga

4 Write questions about your bedroom using *is there, are there* and *how many*. Then write true answers.

how many beds

How many beds are there? There are (two) beds.

- 1 a sofa in your bedroom
Is there a sofa in your bedroom?

- 2 shelves on the walls
Are there any shelves on the walls?

- 3 how many wardrobes
How many wardrobes are there?

- 4 curtains in the room
Are there any curtains in the room?

- 5 a mirror on the wall
Is there a mirror on the wall?

- 6 how many posters
How many posters are there?

- 7 a bedside table next to the bed
Is there a bedside table next to the bed?

5 Study the picture. Choose the correct prepositions of place.



There's a computer under / on the desk.

- 1 There's a pen in / on the bag.
- 2 There's a phone under / next to the computer.
- 3 There's a pen on / under the book.
- 4 There's a pen next to / under the bag.
- 5 There's a pen next to / under the computer.
- 6 There's a book next to / on the desk.

-1. in 2. naloga:

- 1 Choose the correct words.
- Visit / Don't visit Edinburgh in the summer. It's a great time to see the city.
- 1 Buy / Don't buy those souvenirs. They're expensive and they aren't very nice.
- 2 Call / Don't call me tomorrow. Here's my phone number.
- 3 Close / Don't close the window, please. It's cold in here!
- 4 Play / Don't play computer games all the time. Go outside and do some sport.
- 5 Write / Don't write in that book. It's from the public library!

Present continuous: affirmative and negative

- 2 Complete the sentences using the present continuous form of the verbs in brackets.
- Rob isn't here. He 's *playing* (play) football.
- 1 The girls are swimming (swim) at the sports centre.
- 2 We aren't listening (not listen) to the TV.
- 3 I am watching (watch) an interesting film.
- 4 The cat isn't eating (not eat) its food.
- 5 You 're using (use) my phone!
- 6 Sam is doing (do) his homework.
- 7 I 'm not shopping (not shop) for souvenirs today.

-3. naloga:

- 3 Write questions and short answers using the correct form of the present continuous.

you / work / on the computer? ✓

Are you working on the computer?

Yes, I am.

- 1 your dad / relax / on the beach? ✓

Is your dad relaxing on the beach?

Yes, he is.

- 2 we / walk / to school now? ✗

Are we walking to school now?

No, we aren't.

- 3 Emma / play / in the park? ✗

Is Emma playing in the park?

No, she isn't.

- 4 the boys / buy / souvenirs? ✓

Are the boys buying souvenirs?

Yes, they are.

- 5 you / take / my photo? ✗

Are you taking my photo?

No, I'm not.

- 6 Ben / dance / salsa? ✓

Is Ben dancing salsa?

Yes, he is.

-4. in 5. naloga:

4 Order the words to make questions.

going / now / where / you / are / ?

Where are you going now?

1 Dan / eating / what / is / ?

What is Dan eating?

2 watching / what / we / TV / are / on / ?

What are we watching on TV?

3 is / shopping / Lily / where / ?

Where is Lily shopping?

4 you / how / feeling / today / are / ?

How are you feeling today?

5 walking / they / are / where / ?

Where are they walking?

5 Complete the email using the present continuous form of the verbs in brackets.

Dear Emma,

We ¹*'re having* (have) a great time here in France. I ²*'m writing* (write) this email from the hotel. It's hot this afternoon and we ³*'re sitting* (sit) outside by the pool. My mum and my sister ⁴*are reading* (read) magazines, and I think my dad ⁵*is sleeping* (sleep). He ⁶*isn't moving* (not move)!

What ⁷*are you doing* (you / do) this summer? ⁸*Is your cousin staying* (your cousin / stay) with you and your parents?

Write soon,

Jane